WIRELESS ACCESS POINT / CLIENT BRIDGE Model: ENH500



User Manual

Version: 1.0

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About This Document

This document is written by EnGenius Inc. EnGenius Inc. the reserves the right to change this document without notice and all rights are reserved. This document can only be used for the configuration of EnGenius products.

This document is to characterize the EnGenius ENH500 Wireless Access Point & Client Bridge. Please read the document carefully before setting up the ENH500. Any damage which is caused by inappropriate use will not be covered under the warranty.

Formats

This document uses following symbols to indicate and highlight special messages.

CAUTION	Caution: This symbol represents a vital message and it is critical for the device
	or settings.
NOTE	Note: This symbol represents an important message for the settings.
TIP	Tip: This symbol represents an alternative choice that can save time or
	resources.

Before you start

The following equipment is required to setup the ENH500:

- 1. (1) Computer/Notebook and Internet access.
- 2. (2) Ethernet cables.
- 3. (1) EnGenius ENH500.



The equipment listed above is only for configuration of the ENH500, you will

need additional equipment to connect to the Internet and configuration will depend on your current network infrastructure. Please refer to Chapter 2 for more information.

1 Product Overview

Thank you for using the ENH500. It is a powerful and enhanced business-class product with 4 multi-functions: Access Point, Client Bridge, WDS, and Client Router.

EnGenius' ENH500 uses the latest wireless standard, 802.11n, which allows for faster wireless throughput. The ENH500 affords a great advantage to minimize the time and cost which is required to expand your network. It operates at 5GHz and is also backwards compatible with 802.11a networking equipment.

The ENH500 is easy to install almost anywhere with included proprietary Power over Ethernet adapter for quick outdoor installation. In addition, the ENH500 can manage power level control, and it features narrow bandwidth selection, traffic shaping and real-time RSSI indication. The ENH500 fully supports wireless encryption including Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK), (64/128/152)-bit WEP Encryption, and IEEE 802.1x with RADIUS. Additionally, the ENH500 is an ideal choice to pair with the ENH500 in a Access Point – Client Bridge or WDS Bridge – WDS Bridge topology.

CAUTION

The ENH500 utilizes a proprietary PoE adapter. Only use the supplied PoE adapter. Damage may occur if another PoE adapter is used.

1.1 Features

The following list describes the design and scope of the ENH500 made possible through the power and flexibility of wireless LANs:

a) Difficult-to-wire environments

There are many situations where wires cannot be laid easily. For example, historic and older buildings as well as open areas and cross-street architectures make the installation of LANs either impossible or very expensive.

b) Temporary workgroups

Consider situations in parks, athletic arenas, exhibition centers, disaster-recovery, temporary offices and construction sites where one wants a temporary WLAN established and removed at a future date. The ENH500 is easy to place into and remove from production.

c) The ability to access real-time information

Doctors and nurses, point-of-sale employees, and warehouse workers can access real-time information while dealing with patients, serving customers, and processing information.

d) Frequently altered environments

Show rooms, meeting rooms, retail stores, and manufacturing sites are prime examples where frequently rearranged workplaces are suited for wireless LANs.

e) Wireless extensions of Ethernet networks

Network managers in dynamic environments can minimize the overhead caused by moves, extensions to networks, and other changes by utilizing wireless LANs.

f) Wired LAN backup

Network managers may implement wireless LANs to provide redundancy for mission-critical applications which are implemented on wired networks.

g) Training and educational facilities

Training sites at corporations and students at universities use wireless connectivity to afford access to information, information exchanges, and learning.

Features		
High Speed Data Rate	Capable of handling heavy data payloads such as HD video	
Up to 300 Mbps	streaming	
High Output Power up	Extended range and excellent coverage	
to 29 dBm	Extended range and excellent coverage	
IEEE 802.11a/n	Fully interpretable with IEEE 902.11 a/n compliant devices	
Compliant	Fully interoperable with IEEE 802.11 a/n compliant devices	
Multi-Function	Users can use different modes in various environments	
Support RSSI	Licers can called the best signal to connect with AD officiently	
Indicator (CB mode)	Users can select the best signal to connect with AP efficiently	
Power-over-Ethernet	Flexible Access Point locations and cost savings (Note: The	
Power-over-Ethernet	ENH500 includes a proprietary PoE adapter.)	
Support Multi-SSID	Allow clients to access different networks through a single	
function (4 SSID) in	access point and assign different policies and functions for each	
AP mode	SSID	
WPA2/WPA/ WEP/	Full support for all types of surrent wireless security standards	
IEEE 802.1x support	Full support for all types of current wireless security standards	
MAC address filtering	Encure cocure network by enforcing network access control lists	
in AP mode	Ensure secure network by enforcing network access control lists	
PPPoE/PPTP function		
support (AP	Easy to access Internet via ISP service authentication	
Router/CR mode)		
SNMP Remote	Allow administrators to remotally configure or manage the	
Configuration	Allow administrators to remotely configure or manage the Access Point.	
Management		
QoS (WMM) support	Enhance user performance and density	
Zoo (minin) subboli		

1.2 Benefits

Access Point Mode	Use this feature to setup the access point's configuration
	information. It supports transmit power and channel adjustments.
	Clients can access the network with different regulatory settings
	and automatically change to the local regulations.
Client Bridge Mode	Use this feature to connect to an Access Point, enabling WAN
	sharing.
WDS Mode	Use this feature to link multiple APs in a network; All associated
	clients from any AP can communicate with each other like in
	ad-hoc mode.
Client Router Mode	Clients connect wirelessly to an AP and transmit data through AP
	to access the Internet.
Multiple SSIDs	ENH500 supports up to 4 SSIDs on your access point. The
	following options can be set to each SSID:
	- Public or private SSID
	- Authentication
	- VLAN identifier
	- RADIUS accounting identifier
	- Profile isolation for infrastructure network
VLAN	Specify a VLAN number for each SSID to separate the services
	among clients.
QoS	Use this feature to limit the incoming or outgoing throughput.
Wi-Fi Protected Access	Wi-Fi Protect Access is a standard-based interoperable security
	enhancement that increases the level of data protection and
	access control for existing and future wireless LAN systems. It is
	compatible with IEEE 802.11i standard. WPA leverages TKIP and
	802.1X for authenticated key management.

1.3 Package Contents

Open the package carefully, and make sure that none of the items listed below are missing. Do not discard the packing materials; in case of return, the unit must be shipped in its original packaging.

- > (1) Wireless Access Point / Client Bridge (ENH500)
- ► (1) 24V/1.0A Power Adapter
- > (1) PoE Injector (EPE-24R)
- > (1) Mounting Kit with Mast-Mount Strap Special Screw Set
- > (1) QIG
- > (1) CD (User Manual)

CAUTION

Using a power adapter other than the one included with the ENH500 may

cause damage to the device.

1.4 System Requirement

The following conditions are the minimum system requirements.

- A computer with an Ethernet interface and operating under Windows XP, Vista, 7 or Linux.
- > An Internet browser that supports HTTP and JavaScript.

1.5 Hardware Overview

Physical Interface	- 1 x 10/100 LAN Port with PoE support
	- 1 x 10/100 LAN port
	- 1 x Reset button
Maximum Wireless Data rate	- 300 Mbps
LEDs status	- Power Status
	- LAN (10/100Mbps)
	- WLAN (Wireless is enabled)
	- 3 x Link Quality (Client Bridge mode)

1.6 Understanding the ENH500 LEDs

The rear of the ENH500 has two groups of LEDs. One group, labeled **INDICATORS**, shows the status of the device. The second group, **LINK QUALITY**, shows the strength of the link between the ENH500 and the network. The following table describes the ENH500 LEDs.

LED	Color	Mode	Status	
Power	Green	OFF= ENH500 is not receiving power.		
		ON= ENH500 is receiving power.		
LAN	Green	OFF = ENH500 is not connected to the network.		
		ON = ENH500) is connected to the network, but not sending or	
		receiving data		
		Blink = ENH50	00 is sending or receiving data.	
WLAN	Green	Access Point	OFF = ENH500 radio is off and the device is not	
		or Client	sending or receiving data over the wireless LAN.	
		Bridge ON = ENH500 radio is on, and the device is not		
		Mode sending or receiving data over the wireless LAN		
			Blink = ENH500 radio is on, and the device is	
			sending or receiving data over the wireless LAN.	
Link Quality	See Status column	Access Point	Shows the strength of the link between the	
		or Client	ENH500 and the network.	
		Bridge	G = good quality (green).	
		Mode	Y = medium quality (yellow).	
			R = poor or no link (red).	

2 Installation

This chapter describes how to install the ENH500.

Only experienced installation professionals who are familiar with local building and

safety codes and, wherever applicable, are licensed by the appropriate government regulatory authorities should install the ENH500.

2.1 Pre-installation Guidelines

Select the optimal locations for the equipment using the following guidelines:

- The ENH500 should be mounted on a 1"- 4" pole. Its location should enable easy access to the unit and its connectors for installation and testing.
- The higher the placement of the antenna, the better the achievable link quality.
- The antenna should be installed to provide a direct or near line of sight link with the base station antenna. The antenna should be aligned to face the general direction of the base station.

2.2 Installing the ENH500

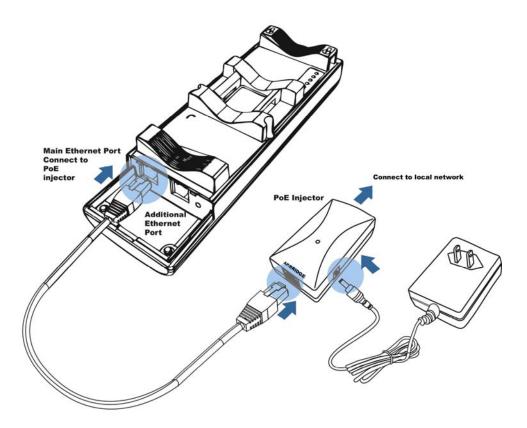
To install the ENH500, use the following procedure to mount the device on a pole and refer to the figure below.

- 1. The bottom of the ENH500 is a removable cover. Grab the cover and push down slightly while pulling it backward to remove the cover.
- 2. Insert a standard Ethernet cable into the RJ-45 port labeled **MAIN LAN**.
- 3. Slide the cover back to seal the bottom of the ENH500.
- 4. Remove the power cord and PoE injector from the box and plug the power cord into the DC port of the PoE injector.

Only use the power adapter supplied with the ENH500. Using a different power

adapter might damage the ENH500.

5. Plug the other side of the Ethernet cable in Step 3 into the PoE port of the PoE injector. When you finish Step 5, the installation will resemble the following picture.



- 6. Turn over the ENH500. Then insert the mast strap through the middle hole of the ENH500. Use a screwdriver to unlock the pole-mounting ring putting it through the ENH500.
- 7. Mount the ENH500 securely to the pole by locking the strap tightly.

This completes the installation procedure.

3 Wireless Network Modes

3.1 Access Point Mode

In the Access Point Mode, the ENH500 functions like a central connection for any stations or

clients that support the IEEE 802.11a/n standards. Stations and clients must utilize the same SSID and Security Password to associate while within range. The most suitable topology for this mode is to have one ENH500 as an AP and the second one as a Client-Bridge – when necessary a third Client-Bridge can be place within the directional antenna's path. One advantage of using the ENH500 to create point-to-point outdoor wireless links is when the environment is prone to radio interference on 2.4GHz band. Running the network on 5GHz can avoid the interference, thus providing higher stability to the network.



3.2 Access Point with WDS Function Mode

The ENH500 also supports WDS functionality while in Access Point Mode. Simply configure other Access Points and the associated MAC addresses in order to enlarge the wireless area by enabling WDS Link Settings. WDS functionality can support up to 8 different AP MAC addresses. Please note that this mode is rarely used due to the nature of directional antennae. Consequently, the wireless clients need to be located in the path of the ENH500's directional antenna and be within in the range to send signal back to the ENH500.



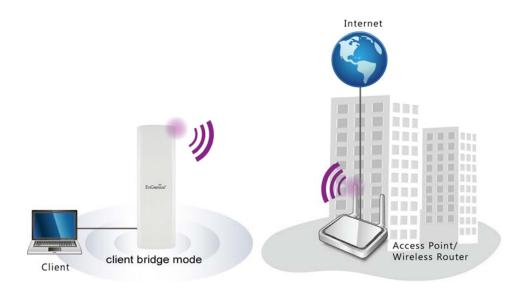


Not every Access Point supports WDS in Access Point Mode. It is

recommended to use ENH500s if you would like to utilize this functionality.

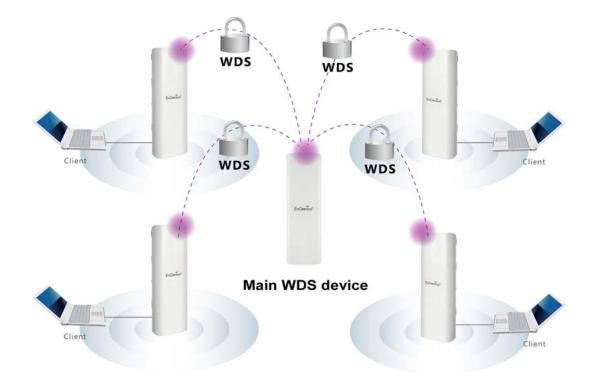
3.3 Client Bridge Mode

In the Client Bridge Mode, the ENH500 functions like a wireless client, connecting to an Access Point wirelessly and enabling Internet connectivity wherever you want. Use Site Survey function to scan all of the Access Points within range and configure the SSID and Security Password to associate with it. With Client Bridge Mode, the ENH500 works as long range 5GHz wireless-Ethernet Bridge in order to provide a 5GHZ link between the access point and networked clients.



3.4 WDS Bridge Mode

In the WDS Bridge Mode, the ENH500 can wirelessly connect different local area networks by configuring each device's MAC address and security settings. The WDS Bridge Mode can bridge up to four local wired networks together as one logical network. Every computer on this logical network can see each other, sharing files as if they are in the same location. With 600mW output power and MIMO antenna technology, the connection distance can extend beyond 1000 feet with good performance, assuming the antenna are within line of sight. The WDS bridge network is a MAC-based network that provides transparent bridging.



CAUTION

WDS Bridge Mode is unlike Access Point Mode. APs linked by WDS are using the same wireless channel, and connecting excessive numbers of APs on the same channel may result in lower throughput. Please be aware to avoid loop connections; otherwise enable the Spanning Tree Function.

3.5 Client Router Mode

In Client Router Mode, the ENH500 provides two functions: 1) acting as a wireless-Ethernet Bridge in order to relay signal from the access point; 2) acting as an active DHCP server that allows WLAN clients to share the same wireless network connection. Ideally, have clients wirelessly connect to an AP/WISP and connect to LANs via Ethernet. Client Router Mode is different from the AP Router Mode. It is not a common application however useful when connects to WISP AP.



4 Configuring Your Computer for TCP/IP

This chapter describes how to configure the TCP/IP settings on a computer that will be used to configure the ENH500. Because the default operating mode is Client Bridge, an IP address will not be assigned to the computer/notebook. Therefore, follow the steps below to assign an IP address to a client's Ethernet adapter.

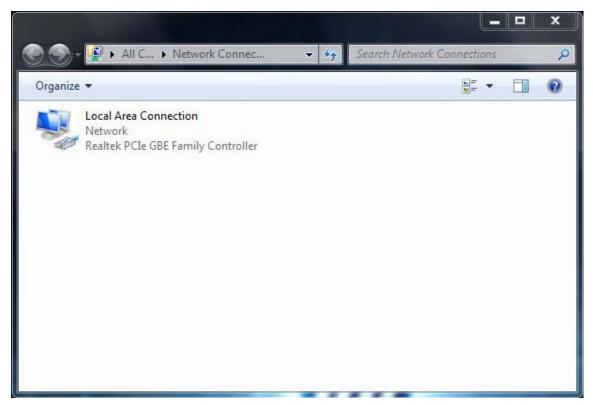
4.1 Configuring Microsoft Windows 7

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows 7.

1. In the Start menu search box, type: ncpa.cpl



2. When the Network Connections List appears, right-click the **Local Area Connection** icon and click **Properties**.



3. In the Networking tab, click **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**, and then click **Properties**.

Local Area Connection Properties	Send Feedback
Connect using:	
Network Connection	
This connection uses the following items:	<u>C</u> onfigure
🗹 📇 File and Printer Sharing for Micros	oft Networks
Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/I Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/I I	IPv4) apper I/O Driver
 Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/) Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/) Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/) 	IPv4) apper I/O Driver
 ✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/) ✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Re ✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Re 	IPv4) apper I/O Driver esponder
✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP// ✓ ▲ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mill ✓ ▲ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Resource Install Uninstall	IPv4) apper I/O Driver esponder Properties

4. In the properties dialog box, click **Use the following IP address:** to configure your computer for Static TCP/IP. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH500, and the **default gateway** which is the ENH500's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH500 and the IP address must be on that subnet.

- 5. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 6. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

4.2 Configuring Microsoft Windows Vista

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows Vista with the default Windows interface.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and then select the **Network and Internet** icon.
- 2. Click View Network Status and tasks and then click Manage Networks Connections.
- 3. Right-click the **Local Area Connection** icon and click **Properties**.
- 4. Click **Continue**. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.
- 5. In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that **Internet Protocol**

(TCP/IPv4) is checked. Then select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IPv4)** and click the **Properties** button. The Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties dialog box appears.

	com Net⊠trem	e Gigabit Ethern	et	
			(
			<u> </u>	nfigure
This c <u>o</u> nnect	ion uses the f	ollowing items:		
122	FFER Protoco			*
🗹 🔺 Reli	able Multicast	: Protocol		
🗹 🔺 AE0	ilS Protocol (I	EEE 802.1x) v2.	3.1.6	
🗹 🔺 Inte	rnet Protocol ¹	Version 6 (TCP/I	Pv6)	
🗹 🔺 Inte	rnet Protocol ¹	Version 4 (TCP/I	Pv4)	E
Testers	- S - 10 - 1	ogy Discovery Ma		river
🗹 📥 Link	-Layer Topolo	ogy Discovery Re	esponder	
•		111		- F
		Uninstall	Pro	operties
l <u>n</u> stall.		<u></u>		
		<u>o</u> rm.m.m		
 Description			rotocol The	default
Description Transmiss	ion Control Pro	otocol/Internet P		

6. In the properties dialog box, click **Use the following IP address:** to configure your computer for Static TCP/IP. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH500, and the **default gateway** which is the ENH500's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH500 and the IP address must be on that subnet.

General	Alternate Configuration				
this cap	n get IP settings assigned a ability. Otherwise, you nee appropriate IP settings.				
<u>o</u>	otain an IP address automa	tically			
0 U <u>s</u>	e the following IP address:				
ĮP ac	ldress:	Ū i	- le		
Sybr	iet mask:				
Defa	ult gateway:		09	0	
o ot	otain DNS server address a	utomatically			
O Us	- e the following DNS server	addresses:			
Prefe	erred DNS server:	1	- 14	14	
<u>A</u> lter	nate DNS server:				
				Adva	anced

- 7. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 8. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

4.3 Configuring Microsoft Windows XP

Use the following procedure to configure a computer running Microsoft Windows XP with the default Windows interface.

- 1. On the Windows taskbar, click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and then click **Network and Internet Connections**.
- 2. Click the Network Connections icon.
- 3. Click **Local Area Connection** for the Ethernet adapter connected to the ENH500. The Local Area Connection Status dialog box appears.
- 4. In the Local Area Connection Status dialog box, click the **Properties** button. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.

📥 Local Area Con	nection Status	? 🗙
General Support		
Connection		
Status:		Connected
Duration:		23:52:21
Speed:		100.0 Mbps
Signal Strength:		
Activity	Sent — 🔬 —	- Received
Packets:	63,125	75,381
	Disable	
		Close

5. In the Local Area Connection Properties dialog box, verify that **Internet Protocol**

(TCP/IP) is checked. Then select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box appears.

6. In the properties dialog box, click **Use the following IP address:** to configure your computer for Static TCP/IP. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH500, and the **default gateway** which is the ENH500's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH500 and the IP address must be on that subnet.

- 7. Click the **OK** button to save your changes and close the dialog box.
- 8. Click the **OK** button again to save your changes.

4.4 Configuring Apple Mac OS X

The following procedure describes how to configure TCP/IP on an Apple Macintosh running Mac OS 10.2 or later. Note: The menu titles and placement vary in each OS X 10.x operating system but are typically similar.

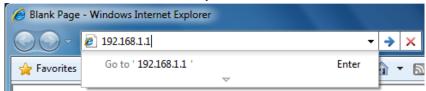
- 1. Pull down the Apple Menu, click **System Preferences**, and select **Network**.
- 2. Verify that the NIC connected to the ENH500 is selected in the **Show** field.
- 3. In the **Configure** field on the **TCP/IP** tab, select **Manually**.
- 4. Click **Apply Now** to apply your settings and close the TCP/IP dialog box.
- 5. Enter an **IP address** (i.e. 192.168.1.10), the **subnet mask** of the ENH500, and the **Router** which is the ENH500's IP address, 192.168.1.1. Note: the subnet mask must match that of the ENH500 and the IP address must be on that subnet.
- 6. Click **Apply Now** to apply your settings and close the TCP/IP dialog box.

	Location: Automatic	•	
Show: Built-in Ethe	met 🗧		
	TCP/IP PPPoE App	leTalk Proxies	1
Configure:	Using DHCP	\$	
		DNS Servers	(Optional)
IP Address:	10.1.28.83 (Provided by DHCP Server)		
Subnet Mask:	255.255.252.0		
Router:	10.1.28.254	Search Domains	(Optional)
DHCP Client ID:	(Optional)		
Ethernet Address	: 00:50:e4:00:2c:06	Example: apple.co carthlink	
-			

4.5 Logging into the ENH500

After completing the TCP/IP settings from the beginning of the Chapter, you can now access the web-based configuration menu.

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter IP 192.168.1.1 into your address bar.





If you have changed the ENH500 LAN IP address, make sure you enter the

correct IP Address.

3. After successfully connecting to the ENH500, a browser pop-up with a Windows Security notice will appear. Please enter the correct **Username** and **Password**.



4. The default Username and Password are both admin.

IF you have changed the Username and Password, please enter the correct *Username* and *Password*.

5 Status

The **Status** section is on the navigation drop-down menu. Selecting it, you will then see three options: Main, Wireless Client List, and System Log. Each option is described in detail below.

5.1 Save / Load

This page allows viewing of the modified settings. The changes will show in the *Unsaved changes list*. You can decide to cancel **(Revert)** all the changes or to **Save & Apply** the new settings.

Save/Reload	Home	Reset
 Unsaved changes list 		
network.sys.opmode=ap' wireless.wifi0.countryName=N/A		
Caution: Network Setting changed, redirect I	P to 192.168.1.1	

Save & Apply	Revert
--------------	--------

NOTE

Please make note of the following:

1. You cannot cancel specific settings. You can only save all of the settings or revert to the previously saved state.

2. You need to use the Save/Reload page to commit your configurations by clicking the "Save & Apply" button.

5.2 Main

Click on the **Main** link under the **Status** drop-down menu or click **Home** from the top-right of the webpage. The status that is displayed corresponds with the operating mode that is selected. Information such as operating mode, system up-time, firmware version, serial number, kernel version, and application version are displayed in the *System* section. LAN IP address, subnet mask, and MAC address are displayed in the *LAN* section. In the *Wireless section*, the frequency and channel are displayed. Since this device supports multiple-SSIDs, the details of each SSID, such as ESSID and its security settings are displayed.

Main	Home Reset
System Information	
Device Name	ENH500
Ethernet Main MAC Address	00:02:6F:BB:F1:A6
Ethernet Secondary MAC Address	00:02:6F:BB:F1:A6
Wireless MAC Address	00:02:6F:BB:F1:A6
Country	N/A
Current Time	Thu Jul 28 10:17:22 UTC 2011
Firmware Version	1.0.4
Management VLAN ID	Untagged

LAN Settings

IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	192.168.1.1
Primary DNS	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS	
DHCP Client	Disabled

Current Wireless Settings

Operation Mode	Access Point	
Wireless Mode	IEEE 802.11a/n Mixed	
Channel Bandwidth	40 MHz	
Frequency/Channel	5.745 GHz (Channel 149)	
Profile Isolation	No	
Profile Settings (SSID/Security/VID)	1EnGenius1/None/12N/A3N/A4N/A	
Spanning Tree Protocol	Disabled	
Distance	1 Km	

5.3 Wireless Client List

Click on the **Wireless Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the list of Clients that are associated to the ENH500. The MAC addresses and signal strength for each client is displayed. Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the client list.

Client Li	ist	Home	Reset
#	MAC Address		RSSI(dBm)
Refresh			

5.4 System Log

Click on the **System Log** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The device automatically records events in its internal memory. When there is not enough internal memory for all of the most recent events, events are deleted in descending chronological order so that the latest events may be retained.

System Log	Home	Reset

Show log type All	-
Oct 19 10:16:58 (non	e) user.warn kernel: jffs2 build filesystem(): erasing ^
Oct 19 10:16:58 (non	e) user.info kernel: mini fo: using storage directory:
Oct 19 10:16:58 (non	e) user.info kernel: mini_fo: using base directory: /
Oct 19 10:16:34 (non	e) user.warn kernel: jffs2_scan_eraseblock(): End of f
Oct 19 10:16:34 (non	e) user.warn kernel: jffs2_build_filesystem(): unlocki =
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) user.warn kernel: ar5416SetSwitchCom, ant switch co
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: using local addresses onl
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: using local addresses onl
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: started, version 2.52 cac
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: reading /tmp/resolv.conf.
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: read /etc/hosts - 1 addre
Oct 19 10:16:33 (non	e) daemon.info dnsmasq[823]: compile time options: IPv
Oct 19 10:16:31 (non	e) user.info kernel: device ath0 entered promiscuous m
Oct 19 10:16:31 (non	e) user.info kernel: br-lan: topology change detected,
Oct 19 10:16:31 (non	e) user.info kernel: br-lan: port 3(ath0) entering lea
Oct 19 10:16:31 (non	e) user.info kernel: br-lan: port 3(ath0) entering for
Oct 19 10:16:30 (non	e) user.warn kernel: osif_vap_init : wait for connecti
Oct 19 10:16:30 (non	e) user.info kernel: device ath0 left promiscuous mode
Oct 19 10:16:30 (non	e) user.info kernel: br-lan: port 3(ath0) entering dis
Oct 19 10:16:25 (non	e) user.warn kernel: start running
Oct 19 10:16:25 (non	e) user.warn kernel: set SIOC80211NWID, 8 characters
Oct 19 10:16:25 (non	e) user.warn kernel: osif_vap_init : wakeup from wait 🔻
•	11 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Refresh Clear

5.5 Connection Status

Click on the **Connection Status** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the current status of the network, including Network Type, SSID, BSSID, Connection Status, Wireless Mode, Current Channel, Security, Data Rate, Current noise level, and Signal strength. **Wireless**

Network Type	Client Router
SSID	EnGenius
BSSID	N/A
Connection Status	N/A
Wireless Mode	N/A
Current Channel	N/A
Security	N/A
Tx Data Rate(Mbps)	N/A
Current noise level	N/A
Signal strength	N/A

WAN

MAC Address	00:02:6f:75:9f:a8
Connection Type	Static IP
Connection Status	Down
IP Address	
IP Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0

Refresh

5.6 DHCP Client Table

Click on the **DHCP Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the list of Clients that are associated to the ENH500 through DHCP. The MAC addresses and signal strength for each client is displayed. Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the client list.

DHCP Client List		Home Reset
MAC addr	IP	Expires
Refresh		

6 System

6.1 Switching the Operation Mode

The ENH500 supports 4 modes: Access Point, Client Bridge, WDS Bridge, and Client Router. In order to switch between the operating modes, please go to System -> Operation mode.

To begin, click **System Properties** under System Section.

System Prope	rties	Home	Reset
System Properties			
Device Name	ENH500	(1 to 32 characters)	
Country/Region	Please Select a Country Code		
Operation Mode	 Access Point Client Bridge WDS Client Router 		

Accept Cancel

- **Device Name**: Specify a name for the device. It is not the broadcast SSID; this will be shown in SNMP management.
- •Country/Region: Select a Country/Region to conform to local regulations.
- •Operation Mode: Select an operation mode via a Radio Button.

Click **Accept** to confirm the changes.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.



If you would like to use Access Point with WDS Function mode, please select Access Point Mode and then enable WDS function in the Wireless Network section. The scenario requiring this functionality, WDS and AP, is rare.

7 Wireless Configuration

This section will guide you through all of the wireless settings. Please read the instructions carefully. Inappropriate settings could lower the performance or affect the stability of your network. Before continuing, please make sure you have chosen the correct operating mode.

7.1 Wireless Settings

This section contains the basic wireless settings. Please read the description carefully and consult Chapter 10 for more detailed information.

7.1.1 Access Point Mode

Wireless Network

Wireless Mode	802.11 A/N Mixed 🔻
Channel HT Mode	40MHz -
Extension Channel	Lower Channel -
Channel / Frequency	Ch36-5.18GHz 💌 🗹 Auto
WDS	Enable O Disable
AP Detection	Scan

Home

Reset

	Current Profile	S		
SSID	Security	VID	Enable	Edit
EnGenius1	None	1		Edit
EnGenius2	None	2		Edit
EnGenius3	None	3		Edit
EnGenius4	None	4		Edit

Profile (SSID)Isolation Isolate all Profiles (SSIDs) from each other using VLAN (802.1Q) standard

Accept Cancel

Wireless Mode	The wireless mode supports 802.11a/n mixed operation. It is
	compatible with the most common wireless bands.
Channel HT Mode	The default channel bandwidth is 40 MHz. A larger channel can
	provide better transmit quality and speed.
Extension Channel	Specify the upper channel or lower channel selection. It may
	influence the Auto channel function.
Channel / Frequency	The channel availability is determined by the country's
	regulations. The device operates in the 5GHz spectrum.
Auto	Place a check mark to enable Auto channel selection.
AP Detection	AP Detection can help to select a best channel by scanning the
	nearby area.
Current Profile	Configure up to four different SSIDs; it allows for the division of
	clients into separate groups to access the network. Press Edit to
	configure the profile and place a check to enable an additional
	SSID.
Profile Isolation	Restrict client communications with different VID by selecting the
	Radio button.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the
	previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

SSID Profile

Wireless Setting

SSID	EnGenius1	(1 to 32 characters)
VLAN ID	1	(1~4095)
Suppressed SSID		
Station Separation	O Enable	 Disable

Wireless Security

Security Mode	Disabled 🗸 🗸



SSID	Specify the SSID for current profile.
VLAN ID	Specify the VLAN tag for current profile.
Suppressed SSID	Place a c heck to hide the SSID. Clients will not be able to see the
	broadcast SSID in Site Survey.
Station Separation	Select the Radio button to allow / deny clients to communicate
	with one another.
Wireless Security	Please refer to the Wireless Security section.
Save / Cancel	Press Save to save the changes or Cancel to return previous
	settings.

7.1.2 Client Bridge Mode

Wireless Network	Home	Reset

Wireless Mode	802.11 A/N Mixed 💌
SSID	Specify the static SSID : AP SSID (1 to 32 characters) Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service. Site Survey
Prefered BSSID	
WDS Client	 Enable Disable

Wireless Security

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session.

Ŧ

Security Mode

Disabled

Accept Cancel	
Wireless Mode	The wireless mode supports 802.11a/n mixed operation. It is
	compatible with the most common known wireless bands.
SSID	Specify the SSID if known. The SSID text box will be automatically
	filled in when an AP in the Site Survey is selected.
Site Survey	Use Site Survey to scan nearby APs, and then select the AP to
	establish a connection.
Prefer BSSID	Specify the MAC address, if known. The Prefer BSSID check box
	will be automatically filled in when an AP in the Site Survey is
	selected.
WDS Client	Select a Radio button to Enable / Disable WDS Client.
Wireless Security	Please refer to Chapter 6.2 for details.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

5GHz Site Surv	/ey			3	:Infrastruct	ture < :Ad_hoc
BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Туре	Security	Network Mode
00:e0:4c:81:86:21	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	В	WEP	1 A 1
00:13:f7:7c:6f:43	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	1
Refresh						
Refresh						
		After Site S	unios the sec	boogowill	display all of	f the nearby
Refresh			Survey, the we			,
			5			f the nearby to connect with
	ty	Access Poir	5	BSSID if you	would like	,



If the Access Point is suppressing its own SSID, the SSID section will be blank; the SSID must be entered manually.

7.1.3 WDS Bridge Mode

Wireless Network	Home	Reset

Wireless Mode	802.11 A/N Mixed 🔻
Channel HT Mode	40MHz -
Extension Channel	Upper Channel 🔻
Channel / Frequency	Ch36-5.18GHz 🗸

Accept Cancel	
Wireless Mode	The wireless mode supports 802.11a/n mixed modes. It is
	compatible with the most common wireless bands.
Channel HT Mode	The default channel bandwidth is 40 MHz. A larger channel can
	provide better transmit quality and speed.
Extension Channel	Specify the upper channel or lower channel selection. It may
	influence the Auto channel function
Channel / Frequency	The channel availability is determined by the country's
	regulations.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the
	previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

Home	Reset
------	-------

ID	MAC Address			Mode		
1	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
2	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
3	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
4	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
5	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
6	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
7	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
8	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻

Accept Cancel	
MAC Address	Enter the Access Point's MAC address that you would like to
	extend the wireless coverage of into the MAC address filter.
Mode	Select Disable or Enable from the drop down list.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the
	previous settings.



Please make note of the following:

1. Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

2. You must enter the MAC address of the Access Point whose wireless coverage you would like to extend. Not all Access Point supports this feature.

7.1.4 Client Router Mode

Wireless Network	Home	Reset

Wireless Mode	802.11 A/N Mixed 💌		
SSID	Specify the static SSID : AP SSID (1 to 32 characters) Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service. Site Survey		
Prefered BSSID			

Wireless Security

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one.This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session.Security ModeDisabled

Accept Cancel	
Wireless Mode	The wireless mode supports 802.11a/n mixed operation. It is
	compatible with the most common wireless bands.
SSID	Specify the SSID, if known. The SSID text box will be automatically
	filled in if an AP in the Site Survey is selected.
Site Survey	Use Site Survey to scan nearby APs, and then select the AP to
_	establish a connection.
Prefer BSSID	Specify the MAC address, if known. Prefer BSSID text box will be
_	automatically filled in when an AP in the Site Survey is selected.
Wireless Security	Please refer to Chapter 6.2 for details.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return to the
	previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

5GHz Site Surv	/ey				:Infrastruc	ture 🛃 :Ad_ho
BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Туре	Security	Network Mode
00:e0:4c:81:86:21	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	В	WEP	4
00:13:f7:7c:6f:43	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	1
Refresh						
T telle sil						
rofile		After Site S	Survey, the we	bpage will	display all n	earby Access
			5		. ,	5
	ÿ	Points. Clic	5	you would	like to conr	earby Access nect with an Af



If the Access Point is suppressing its own SSID, the SSID section will be blank; the SSID must be entered manually.

____ ____

7.2 Wireless Security Settings

Wireless Security Settings section will guide you through the Security configurations: WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA-PSK Mixed, WPA, WPA2, and WPA Mixed. We strongly recommend the use of WPA2-PSK as your security setting.

7.2.1 WEP

Wireless Security		
Security Mode	WEP	
Auth Type	Open System 👻	
Input Type	Hex 🔻	
Key Length	40/64-bit (10 hex digits or 5 ASCII char) -	
Default Key	1 -	
Key1		
Key2		
Кеу3		
Кеу4		
Save Cancel		
Security Mode	Select WEP from the drop down list.	
Auth Type	Select Auth Type in Open System or Shared .	
Input Type	Select Input Type in Hex or ASCII .	
Key Length	Select Key Length in 64/128/152 bit password length.	
Default Key	Select the default index key for wireless security.	
Key1	Specify password for security key index No.1.	
Key2	Specify password for security key index No.2.	
Кеу3	Specify password for security key index No.3.	
Key4	Specify password for security key index No.4.	



The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP security mode. To comply with the standard, when you use the above encryptions, the wireless transmit mode will drop from 802.11n to 802.11a.

7.2.2 WPA-PSK

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA-PSK -
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) ▼ Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA-PSK from the drop down list.
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP or AES for encryption type.
Passphrase	Specify the security password.
Group Key Update Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.



The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP

7.2.3 WPA2-PSK

Wireless Security

_

Security Mode	WPA2-PSK -
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) Both(TKIP+AES) Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Passphrase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA2-PSK from the drop down list.
Encryption	Select Both , TKIP or AES for encryption type.
Passphrase	Specify the security password.
Group Key Update	Specify Group Key Undete Interval time
Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.



The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP

7.2.4 WPA-PSK Mixed

Security Mode	WPA-PSK Mixed -		
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) -		
Encryption	Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.		
Passphrase			
Passpillase	(8 to 63 characters) or (64 Hexadecimal characters)		
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)		

Save	Cancel
------	--------

Security Mode	Select WPA-PSK Mixed from the drop down list.
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP or AES for encryption type.
Passphrase	Specify the security password.
Group Key Update	Crossify Crown Key Undete Internel time
Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.



OT

Using WPA-PSK Mixed can allow multiple security modes at the same time.

The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP

7.2.5 WPA

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA -
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA from the drop down list.
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP or AES for Encryption type.
Radius Server	Specify Radius Server IP address.
Radius Port	Specify Radius Port number, the default port is 1812.
Radius Secret	Specify Radius Secret that is given by the Radius Server.
Group Key Update	Specify Crown Key Undate Interval time
Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.



The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP

7.2.6 WPA2

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA2
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Save Cancel	
Security Mode	Select WPA2 from the drop down list.
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP or AES for encryption type.
Radius Server	Specify Radius Server IP Address.
Radius Port	Specify Radius Port number, the default port is 1812.
Radius Secret	Specify Radius Secret that is given by the Radius Server.
Group Key Update	Specify Crown Key Undate Interval time
Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.



The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP

7.2.7 WPA Mixed

Wireless Security

Security Mode	WPA Mixed
Encryption	Both(TKIP+AES) Notice: If TKIP enabled, Data Rate for this SSID on legacy 11g.
Radius Server	
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Save Cancel

Security Mode	Select WPA Mixed from the drop down list.
Encryption	Select Both, TKIP or AES for encryption type.
Radius Server	Specify Radius Server IP Address.
Radius Port	Specify Radius Port number, the default port is 1812.
Radius Secret	Specify Radius Secret that is given by the Radius Server.
Group Key Update	Specify Crown Key Undate Interval time
Interval	Specify Group Key Update Interval time.



The IEEE 802.11n standard does not include WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA-PSK TKIP

7.3 Wireless Advanced Settings

Wireless Advanced Settings Home Reset

Data Rate	Auto 👻
Transmit Power	11 dBm 🔻
RTS/CTS Threshold (1 - 2346)	2346 bytes
Distance (1-30km)	3 km
Short GI:	Enable -
A	• Enable Disable
Aggregation:	32 Frames 50000 Bytes(Max)

Wireless Traffic Shaping

Enable Traffic Shaping	© Enable	⊙ Disable
Incoming Traffic Limit	1000	kbit/s
Outgoing Traffic Limit	2000	kbit/s

Accept Cancel

Data Rate	Select Data Rate from the drop down list. Data rate will affect the
	efficiency of the throughput. A lower data rate will allow for
	transmissions to travel longer distances.
Transmit Power	Select Transmit Power to increase or decrease the transmit power.
	Altering the transmit power will change the wireless coverage
	area correspondingly; however, setting the Transmit Power to an
	extreme level may cause issues for wireless connectivity.
RTS/CTS Threshold	Specify Threshold package size for RTC/CTS. Smaller thresholds
	will cause RTS/CTS packets to be sent more often, consuming
	more of the available bandwidth. In addition, if heavy traffic
	occurs, the wireless network is more robust in the event of
	interference or collisions.
Distance	Specify distance range between AP and Clients. Farther distances
	may utilize lower connection speeds.
Short GI	Short GI is an improvement of 802.11n and 802.11a/g. It can
	increase performance by 10% during the data transmission. For
	example, if the 802.11a/g's GI is 800 μ s, the short GI will be 400 μ s.

The shorter guard interval results in a higher packet collision rate
when the delay-spread of the channel exceeds the guard interval
or if timing synchronization between the transmitter and receiver
is not precise.
Aggregation is to merge the typical size of data's header to one
data. It is useful for the small size but more packets.
Place a check to enable Wireless Traffic Shaping function.
Specify the wireless transmission speed for incoming traffic.
Specify the wireless transmission speed for outgoing traffic.
Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
previous settings.



Please make note of the following:

1. Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

2. Changing Wireless Advanced Settings may lower the wireless connection quality. Please keep all settings as default unless you understand the modifications which you have made.

7.4 Wireless MAC Filter

Wireless MAC Filter is used to Allow or Deny wireless clients, by their MAC addresses, from accessing the network. You can manually add a MAC address to restrict the access permission's of the client. The default setting is Disable Wireless MAC Filters.

Wireless MAC Fi	Iter Home Reset			
ACL Mode Disabled		ł		
#	MAC Address			
	Apply	0.		
ACL Mode	ACL Mode can deny or allow specific clients to access the			
	network. Select Disable, Deny MAC in the list, or Allow MAC in			
	the list from the drop down list.			
MAC Address Filter	Specify the MAC address, manually.			
Add	Press Add to add the MAC address in the table.			
Apply	Press Apply to apply the changes.			

7.5 WDS Link Settings

WDS Link Settings is used to establish a connection between Access Points without forgoing Access Point functionality. APs with WDS functionality can extend the wireless coverage and allow LANs to communicate with each other.

Home

Reset

WDS Link Settings

ID		I	AC Address	6		Mode
1	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
2	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
3	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
4	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
5	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
6	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
7	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻
8	:	:	:	:	:	Disable 🔻

Accept Cancel	
MAC Address	Enter the Access Point's MAC address that you would like to
	extend the wireless coverage of into the MAC address filter.
Mode	Select Disable or Enable from the drop down list.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

ΝΟΤΕ

The MAC address of the AP that you would like to extend the wireless coverage of must be entered. Not all Access Points supports this feature.

8 LAN Setup

This section will guide you to setup the Local Area Network (LAN) settings

8.1 IP Settings

This section is only available for **Non-Router Mode**. IP Settings allows you to configure the IP settings of the ENH500.

IP Settings	Home	Reset
-------------	------	-------

IP Network Setting	 Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) Specify an IP address
IP Address	192 168 1 1
IP Subnet Mask	255 255 255 0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS	0.0.0

Apply Cancel

IP Network Setting	Select Radio button for Obtain an IP address automatically or
	Specify an IP address.
IP Address	Specify LAN port IP address.
IP Suet Mask	Specify Subnet Mask.
Default Gateway	Specify Default Gateway.
Primary DNS	Specify Primary DNS.
Secondary DNS	Specify Secondary DNS.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.



Please make note of the following:

1. Obtain an IP address automatically is not a DHCP server. This setting allows the ENH500 to automatically request an IP address when it is connected to a device which has a DHCP server.

2. Changing LAN IP Address will change LAN Interface IP address. The webpage will automatically redirect to the new IP address after Apply is selected.

8.2 Spanning Tree Settings

Spanning Tree Settings	Home	Reset
- F g		

Spanning Tree Status	◯ On ● Off
Bridge Hello Time	2 seconds (1-10)
Bridge Max Age	²⁰ seconds (6-40)
Bridge Forward Delay	¹⁵ seconds (4-30)
Priority	32768 (0-65535)

ancel
91

Select the Radio button to On or Off to toggle the Spanning Tree
function.
Specify Bridge Hello Time in seconds.
Specify Bridge Max Age in seconds.
Specify Bridge Forward Delay in seconds.
Specify the Priority number; smaller numbers have greater
priority.
Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

9 Router Settings

This section is only available for AP Router Mode and Client Router Mode.

9.1 WAN Settings

There are four different types of WAN connections: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, and PPTP. Please contact your ISP to determine the connection type.

9.1.1 Static IP

Select **Static IP** in WAN connection if your ISP gives all the of the necessary information about IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, Primary DNS and Secondary DNS.

WAN Settings		Home	Reset
Internet Connection Type	Static IP 👻		
Options			
Account Name (if required)			
Domain Name (if required)			
МТО	Auto 🗸 1500		

Internet IP Address

IP Address	0	. 0	. 0	. 0
IP Subnet Mask	0	. 0	. 0	. 0
Gateway IP Address	0	. 0	. 0	. 0

Domain Name Server (DNS) Address

Primary DNS	0	. 0	. 0	. 0
Secondary DNS	0	. 0	. 0	. 0

WAN Ping

Discard Ping on WAN 🔽



Internet Connection Type	Select Static IP to begin configuration of the Static IP connection.			
Account Name	Specify Account Name that is provided by ISP.			
Domain Name	Specify Domain Name that is provided by ISP.			
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommends			
	that it remains in Auto.			
IP Address	Specify WAN port IP address.			
IP Subnet Mask	Specify WAN IP Subnet Mask.			
Gateway IP Address	Specify WAN Gateway IP address.			
Primary DNS	Specify Primary DNS IP.			
Secondary DNS	Specify Secondary DNS IP.			
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.			
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return			
	previous settings.			



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.



If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If

the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

9.1.2 DHCP (Dynamic IP)

Select **DHCP** as your WAN connection type to obtain the IP address automatically. You will need to enter Account Name as your hostname and DNS addresses (Optional).

WAN Settings	Home Reset		
Internet Connection Type	DHCP 🗸		
Options			
Account Name (if required)			
Domain Name (if required)			
мти	Auto - 1500		
Domain Name Server (DNS) Addre			
Get Automatically From ISP Use These DNS Servers			
Primary DNS	0.0.0		
Secondary DNS	0 0 0		
WAN Ping			
Discard Ping on WAN			
Apply Cancel			
nternet Connection Type	Select DHCP to begin configuration of the DHCP connection		
Account Name	Specify Account Name which is provided by ISP.		
Domain Name	Specify Domain Name which is provided by ISP.		
4711	Consider the Marian and Transmith their size . For Consider and the		

MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommends		
	that it remains in Auto.		
Get Automatically From	From Select the Radio button for the DNS servers to be obtained		
ISP	automatically from the DHCP server.		
Use These DNS Servers	Select the Radio button to setup the Primary DNS and		

	Secondary DNS servers manually.		
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.		
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return		
	previous settings.		



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.



If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If

the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

9.1.3 PPPoE (Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet)

Select **PPPoE** as your WAN connection type if your ISP provides a Username and Password. If the PPPoE is a DSL service, please remove the PPPoE software from your computer as the software is not necessary with the use of the ENH500.

WAN Settings	Home Reset		
Internet Connection Type	PPPoE 🗸		
Options			
МТО	Auto - 1492		
PPPoE Options			
Login			
Password			
Service Name (if required)			
 Connect on Demand: Max Keep Alive: Redial Period 			
O Get Automatically From I	SP		
Use These DNS Servers			
Primary DNS	0.0.0.0		
Secondary DNS	0.0.0		
WAN Ping			
Discard Ping on WAN			
Apply Cancel			
Internet Connection Type	Select PPPoE to begin configuration of the PPPoE connection.		
MTU	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommends		
	that it remains in Auto.		
Login	Specify the Username that is given by your ISP.		
Password	Specify the Password that is given by your ISP.		
Service Name	Specify the Service Name that is given by your ISP.		

Select the Radio button to specify the maximum idle time. The				
Internet will disconnect when it reaches the maximum idle time;				
however, it will automatically connect when a client tries to access				
the network.				
Select the Radio button to keep internet connection always on.				
Specify the redial period for once the Internet connection is lost.				
Select the Radio button for the DNS servers to be obtained				
automatically from the DHCP server.				
Select the Radio button for setup the Primary DNS and				
Secondary DNS servers manually.				
Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.				
Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return				
previous settings.				

CAUTION

Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.



If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If

the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

9.1.4 PPTP (Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol)

Select **PPTP** as your WAN connection type if your ISP provides information regarding: IP Address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway (Optional), DNS (Optional), Server IP, Username, and Password.

WAN Settings		Home Reset
Internet Connection Type	PPTP 👻	
Options		
мти	Auto 🖌 1460	
PPTP Options		
IP Address	192 168 2 1	
Subnet Mask	255 255 255 0	
Default Gateway	192 168 2 100	
PPTP Server	0 0 0 0	
Username		
Password		
 Connect on Demand: Max idle Tin Keep Alive: Redial Period ³⁰ S 	me ¹⁵ Minutes econds	

O Get Automatically From ISP	
• Use These DNS Servers	
Primary DNS	0.0.0
Secondary DNS	0.0.0.0

WAN Ping

Discard Ping on WAN

V



Internet Connection	Select PPTP to begin configuration of the PPTP connection.			
Туре				
ΜΤυ	Specify the Maximum Transmit Unit size. EnGenius recommends			
	that it remains in Auto.			
IP Address	Specify WAN port IP address.			
IP Subnet Mask	Specify WAN IP Subnet Mask.			
Gateway IP Address	Specify WAN Gateway IP address.			
PPTP Server	Specify PPTP Server IP address.			
Username	Specify the Username that is given by your ISP.			
Password	Specify the Password that is given by your ISP.			
Connect on Demand	Select the Radio button to specify the maximum idle time. The			
	Internet will disconnect when it reaches the maximum idle time;			
	however, it will automatically connect when a client tries to access			
	the network.			
Keep Alive	Select the Radio button to keep internet connection always on.			
	Specify the redial period once the internet lose connection.			
Get Automatically	Select the Radio button for the DNS servers to be obtained			
From ISP	automatically from the DHCP server.			
Use These DNS Servers	Select the Radio button for setup the Primary DNS and			
	Secondary DNS servers manually.			
Discard Ping on WAN	Place a check to Enable or Disable ping from WAN.			
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return			
	previous settings.			

CAUTION

Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.



If the router's MTU is set too high, downstream packets will be fragmented. If

the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and, in extreme cases, may be unable to establish connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.

9.2 LAN Settings (Router Mode)

LAN IP Setup

IP Address	192 . 168	. 1 . 1
IP Subnet Mask	255 . 255	. 255 . 0

Use Router As DHCP Server

Starting IP Address	192	. 168	. 1	. 100
Ending IP Address	192	. 168	. 1	. 200
WINS Server IP	0	. 0	. 0	. 0

Accept Cancel				
IP Address	Specify LAN port IP address.			
IP Subnet Mask	Specify LAN IP Subnet Mask.			
WINS Server IP	Specify WINS Server IP.			
Use Router As DHCP	Place a check to enable the DHCP server.			
Server				
Starting IP Address	Specify DHCP server starting IP address.			
Ending IP Address	Specify DHCP server ending IP address.			
WINS Server IP	Specify the WINS Server IP address.			
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return			
	previous settings.			



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

9.3 VPN Pass Through

VPN Pass Through is used to allow certain protocols to be tunneled through an IP network such as PPTP and L2TP, or to implement a secure exchange of packets at the IP Layer such as IPSec.

VPN Pass Throu	gh Home Reset	
PPTP Pass Through		
L2TP Pass Through		
IPSec Pass Through		
Apply Cancel		
PPTP Pass Through	Place a check to enable PPTP protocol passes through WAN.	
L2TP Pass Through	Place a check to enable L2TP protocol passes through WAN.	
IPSec Pass Through	Place a check to enable IPSec protocol passes through WAN.	
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return	
	previous settings.	



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

9.4 Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding is used to allow public services such as Web Server, Mail Server, or FTP server to be set up. For example: Set up a Web Server on your computer with port number **8080**. A visitor on the Internet can access your Web Server by entering **WAN Port IP** with port number **8080**. If the WAN Port IP address is 192.168.5.1, then visitors must enter **http://192.168.5.1**:8080. To find out more about common port numbers please consult the Internet.

Port Forwarding	9		Hom	e Reset
# Name Protocol	Start Port	End Port	Server IP Address	Enable Modify Delete
Add Entry Accept				
Add Entry	Press A	dd Entry to a	dd a rule of Port Forv	warding.
Accept	Press A	ccept to conf	irm the changes.	

CAUTION

Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load

to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

Port Forwarding

Service Name	
Protocal	BOTH -
Starting Port	(1~65535)
Ending Port	(1~65535)
IP Address	

Save Cancel		
Service Name	Specify a name for current Port Forwarding rule.	
Protocol	Select a protocol from drop down list: Both , TCP , or UDP .	
Starting Port	Specify Starting Port number.	
Ending Port	Specify Ending Port number.	
IP Address	Specify IP address.	
Save / Cancel	Press Save to confirm the changes or Cancel to return previous	
	settings.	

9.5 DMZ

Enabling DMZ will expose the computer which is in the DMZ to the Internet. This feature may be used in scenarios such as Internet Gaming or Video Conferencing. DMZ will forward all the ports to one PC simultaneously. This PC will be vulnerable to any incoming traffic, including unsolicited or malicious traffic, because DMZ opens all of the ports.

DMZ	Home Reset
0117 11 4/	Dialle
DMZ Hosting	Disable -
DMZ Address	
Apply Cancel	
DMZ Hosting	Select Enable or Disable DMZ from drop down list.
DMZ Address	Specify an IP address of DMZ.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.



10 Management Settings

The **Management** section is on the navigation drop-down menu. You will see seven options: Administration, Management VLAN, SNMP Settings, Backup / Restore Settings, Firmware Upgrade, Time Settings, and Log. Each option is described below.

10.1 Administration

Click on the **Administration** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to create a user name and password for the device. By default, this device is configured with a username and password of **admin**. For security reasons it is highly recommended that you create a new user name and password.

Administration		Home	Reset
Administrator			
Name	admin		
New Password			
Confirm New Password			
Remote Access			
Remote Management	• Enable		
Remote Upgrade	0 Enable O Disable		

Save/Apply Cancel

Remote Management Port 8080

Name	Specify Username for login.	
Password	Specify a Password for login	
Confirm Password	Re-enter the Password for confirmation.	
Remote Management	Select the Radio button to Enable or Disable Remote	
	Management.	
Remote Upgrade	Select the Radio button to Enable or Disable Remote Upgrade.	
Remote Management	Specify the Port number for Remote Management. For example:	

Port	if you specify the Port number is 8080, then you will need to enter	
	the following http:// IP address :8080 to access the web interface.	
Save / Apply / Cancel	Press Save / Apply to confirm the changes or Cancel to return	
	previous settings.	

CAUTION

Pressing Save / Apply will change the settings immediately. It is not reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

10.2 Management VLAN

Click on the **Management VLAN** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to assign a VLAN tag to packets. A VLAN is a group of computers on a network whose software has been configured so that they behave as if they were on a separate Local Area Network (LAN). Computers on a VLAN do not have to be physically located next to one another on the LAN.

Managemen	Home	Reset	
	configure the Management VLAN ID, you may lose co and DHCP server can support the reconfigured VLAI		
Management VLAN ID	 No VLAN tag Specified VLAN ID (must be in the range 1 ~ 4094.) 		

Accept Cancel	
Management VLAN ID	If your network includes VLANs and if tagged packets need to
	pass through the Access Point, specify the VLAN ID in this field. If
	not, select the No VLAN tag radio button.
Accept / Cancel	Press Accept to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.

Please make note of the following:

1. Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

2. If you reconfigure the Management VLAN ID, you may lose connection to the ENH500. Verify the DHCP server can support the reconfigured VLAN ID, and then re-connect to the new IP address.

10.3 SNMP Settings

Click on the **SNMP Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This is a networking management protocol used to monitor network-attached devices. SNMP allows messages [called protocol data units] to be sent to various parts of a network. Upon receiving these messages, SNMP-compatible devices [called agents] return data stored in their Management Information Databases.

SNMP Settings

Home	Reset
------	-------

SNMP	• Enable O Disable
Contact	
Location	
Community Name (Read Only)	public
Community Name (Read/Write)	private
Trap Destination Address	
Trap Destination Community Name	public

Save/Apply	Cancel
------------	--------

SNMP Enable/Disable	Select the Radio button to Enable or Disable SNMP function.
Contact	Specify the contact details of the device.
Location	Specify the location of the device.
Community Name	Specify the password for access the SNMP community for read
	only access.
Community Name	Specify the password for access the SNMP community for read
	and write access.
Trap Destination IP	Specify the IP address that will receive the SNMP trap.
Address	
Trap Destination	Specify the password of the SNMP trap community.
Community Name	
Save / Apply / Cancel	Press Save / Apply to confirm the changes or Cancel to return
	previous settings.



Accept does not apply the changes – you must go to Status -> Save / Load to apply the new settings. Please refer to Chapter 4.1 for more information.

10.4 Backup/Restore Settings

Click on the **Backup/Restore Setting** link under the **Management** menu. This option is used to save the current settings of the device in a file on a storage device, or to load settings on to the device from storage device. This feature is very useful for administrators who have several devices that need to be configured with the same settings.

Backup/Restore Settings			Home	Reset	
Save A Copy of Current Setting	S	Backup			
Restore Saved Settings from A	\ File			Browse	Restore
Revert to Factory Default Settin	igs	Factory Default			
Save A Copy of	Click on	Backup to save	current co	onfigured set	tings.
Current Settings Restore Saved Settings	ENH500) can restore a pr	evious set	ting that has	been saved. Click

from a Fileon Browse to select the file and Restore.Revert to FactoryClick on Factory Default button to reset all the settings to the
factory default values.

10.5 Firmware Upgrade

Click on the **Firmware Upgrade** link under the **Management** menu. This page is used to upgrade the firmware of the device. Make sure that to download the appropriate firmware from EnGenius.

Firmware Upgrade	Home	Reset
Current firmware version: 1.1.24		
Locate and select the upgrade file from your hard disk:		
Browse		

Upgrade



The upgrade process may take few minutes. Please do not power off the

device as this may cause the device to crash or become unusable. The ENH500 will restart automatically once the upgrade is complete.

10.6 Time Settings

Click on the **Time Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This page allows you to configure the time on the device. You may do this manually or by connecting to a NTP server.

Time Settings	Home	Reset
Time		
Manually Set Date and Time		
2010 / 10 / 19 13 : 13		
Automatically Get Date and Time		
Time Zone: UTC-12:00 Kwajalein		-
User defined NTP Server: 209.81.9.7		
Save/Apply Cancel		
Manually Set Date and TimeManually setup the date and time	<u>)</u> .	
Automatically Get Specify the Time Zone from the	drop down list	and Place a
Date and Time check to specify the IP address of	the NTP Serve	er manually or us
the default NTP Server.		
Save / Apply / Cancel Press Save / Apply to confirm th	e changes or (Cancel to return
previous settings.		



Pressing Save / Apply will change the settings immediately. It is not

reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

10.7 Log

Click on the **Log** link under the **Management** menu. This page displays a list of events that are triggered on the Ethernet and Wireless interface. This log can be referred to when an error occurs on the system or when a report needs to be sent to the technical support department for debugging purposes.

Log	Home Reset		
Syslog			
Syslog	Disable 🔻		
Log Server IP Address			
Local log			
Local Log	Enable -		
Save/Apply Cancel			
Syslog	Select Enable or Disable Syslog function from the drop down list.		
Log Server IP Address	Specify the Log Server IP address.		
Local Log	Select Enable or Disable Local Log service.		
Save/Apply / Cancel	Press Save / Apply to confirm the changes or Cancel to return previous settings.		



Pressing Save / Apply will change the settings immediately. It is not

reversible unless the settings are changed again or the device is reset.

10.8 Diagnostics

-

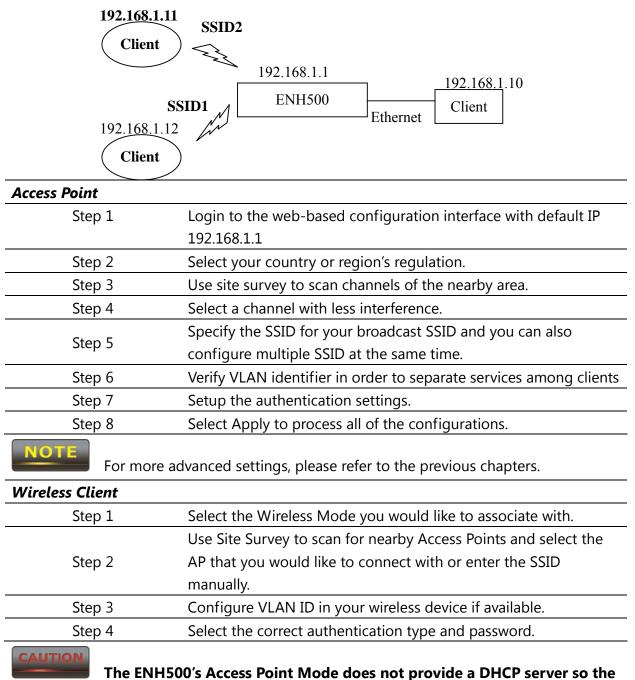
Click on the **Diagnostics** link under the **Management** menu. This function allows you to detect connection quality and trace the routing table to the target.

Diagnostics	Home	Reset

Ping Test Parameters	
Target IP	
Ping Packet Size	64 Bytes
Number of Pings	4
Start Ping	
Traceroute Test Parameters	
Traceroute target	
Start Traceroute	
Target IP	Specify the IP address you would like to search.
Ping Packet Size	Specify the packet size of each ping.
Number of Pings	Specify the number of pings.
Start Ping	Press Start Ping to begin.
Traceroute Target	Specify an IP address or Domain name that you want to trace.
Start Traceroute	Press Start Traceroute to begin.

11 Network Configuration Examples

This chapter describes the role of the ENH500 with 4 modes. The Access Point mode's default configuration is a central unit of the wireless network or as a root device of the wired environment. Repeater Mode and Mesh Network Mode need additional configuration.

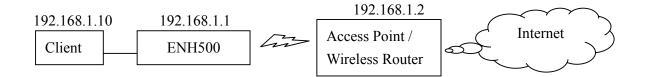


11.1 Access Point

. Wireless Client IP address must be configured manually in Local Area Network Settings.

11.2 Client Bridge Mode

Client Bridge Mode functions like a wireless dongle. It must connect to an Access Point/AP Router to join the network.





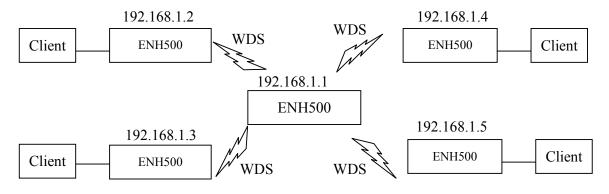
Please refer to the last section to check the Access Point's configuration.

Client Bridge	
Step 1	Login to the web-based configuration interface with the default
	IP: 192.168.1.1
Step 2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step 3	Select Operation Mode to Client Bridge from System
	Properties.
Step 4	Use site survey to scan channels of the nearby area.
Step 5	Select the AP that you would like to associate with.
Step 6	Setup the authentication settings that match to the Access Point's
	settings.
Step 7	Select Apply to process all of the configurations.

The Client-Bridge's IP settings must match the Access Point's settings.

11.3 WDS Bridge Mode

Use this feature to link multiple APs together in a network. All clients associated with any of the APs can communicate with each other similar to an ad-hoc mode. The following configuration shows four ENH500's running on WDS Bridge Mode, which are connected to a main ENH500 that is providing Internet access, also running on WDS Bridge Mode. This is a bridged network; therefore, all nodes on the network can be in the same network IP block. All computers are viewable as if they are in the same location and on the same Ethernet network.



WDS Bridge	
Step 1	Login to the web-based configuration interface with default IP
	192.168.1.1
Step 2	Select your country or region's regulation.
Step 3	Change Operation Mode to WDS Bridge under System
	Properties.
Step 4	Set the device's IP settings under System -> IP Settings
Step 5	Set the WLAN settings under Wireless Network.
Step 6	Configure WDS Link Settings under Wireless.
Step 7	Specify the MAC address of the AP which you would like to
	connect with.
Step 8	Press Apply under Save / Reload to process all of the
	configurations.
Step 9	Verify the device's settings by browsing to Status -> Main .
	View the WDS link status.

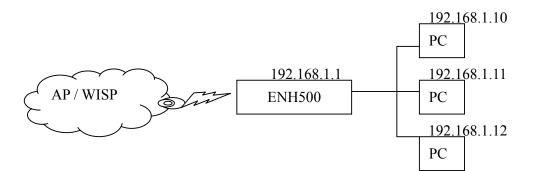
CAUTION

Each WDS bridge device must use the same Subnet, Wireless Mode,

Wireless Channel, and Security Setting.

11.4 Client Router Mode

In the Client Router Mode, the ENH500 has a DHCP Server that allows multiple devices to share the same Internet connection. Connect to an AP/WISP wirelessly and connect to LANs via wired. Client Router Mode is functionally opposite to the AP Router Mode.





Please refer to the last section to check Access point's configuration.

Login to the web-based configuration interface with default IP	
192.168.1.1	
Select your country or region's regulation.	
Select Operation Mode to Client Router from System	
Properties.	
Change your Local Area Network setting to Obtain an IP	
Address Automatically.	
Use site survey to scan channels of the nearby area.	
Select the AP that you would like to associate with.	
Setup the authentication settings that match the Access Point's	
settings.	
Configure your WAN connection type which is given by your	
Internet Service Provider on the WAN Settings.	
Press Apply to process all of the configurations.	



The Client Router's IP settings must match those of the Access Point's.

<u> Appendix A – Troubleshooting</u>

This appendix provides problem-solving information you may find useful in case you need to troubleshoot your ENH500. It also includes information about contacting technical support.

A.1 Problem Solving

Question	Answer
How do I reset the ENH500?	There are two ways to reset the ENH500, a
	hardware method and a software method.
	Both methods return the ENH500 to its
	factory default configuration.
	To use the hardware method, press reset
	button behind the hole of the PoE injector
	for 10 seconds; open the cover on the
	bottom panel of the ENH500 and find the
	Reset button (see section 2.1). Using a flat
	object such as a pencil, press the Reset
	button for approximately 10 seconds and
	then stop pressing.
	To use the software method, click Restore
	to Factory Default in the Management
	menu.
Why do I not see traffic pass after I connect	The ENH500 uses a proprietary PoE injector
the ENH500 to a PoE switch?	and will not work with standard
	802.3af-compliant PoE switches.
What is the default IP address of the	The default IP address is 192.168.1.1
ENH500?	
I plugged the PoE to the Ethernet port on	You need to plug the Ethernet cable
the back of ENH500 but the unit is not on,	connect to PoE injector, and connect the
how come?	power adapter comes with the package to
	the "DC IN" port on the PoE injector
When I install the PoE connection to the	The ENH500 uses a proprietary PoE injector
ENH500, what kind of PoE should I use?	and will not work with standard
	802.3af-compliant PoE switches.

A.2 Contacting Technical Support

If you encounter issues that cannot be resolved using this manual, please contact your vendor where you purchase the device. If you cannot contact your vendor, you may also contact EnGenius Customer Service department in the region where you purchased the device. Before you contact your local EnGenius office, please prepare the following information:

- Product model name and serial number
- The place where you purchased the product
- Warranty information
- The date when you received the product
- A brief description about the issue and the attempts you tried to resolve it

To contact EnGenius Customer Service office in the United States, please use either of the following methods:

- Email: support@EnGeniustech.com
- Telephone: 1-888-735-7888

Appendix B – Specifications

MCU:	Atheros AR7240	
RF:	Atheros AR9280	
Memory:	32 MB	
Flash:	8 MB	
Standard:	802.11 a/n	
Physical Interface:	- 1x LAN Port with PoE supp	ort
	- 1x LAN Port	
	- 1x Reset button	
Max. Data rate:	300 Mbps	
LEDs status:	- Power Status	
	- LAN1/LAN2 (10/100Mbps)	
	- WLAN (Wireless is up)	
	- 3 x Link Quality (Client Brid	lge mode)
Security:	- WEP Encryption-64/128/15	52 bit
	- WPA/WPA2 Personal (WPA	-PSK using TKIP or AES)
	- WPA/WPA2 Enterprise (WP	A-EAP using TKIP)
	- 802.1x Authenticator	
	- Hide SSID in beacons	
	- MAC address filtering, up t	to 50 field
	- Wireless STA (Client) conne	ected list
Power Requirements:	- Active Ethernet (Power ove	er Ethernet)
	- Proprietary PoE design	
	- Power Adapter 24VAC / 1.0	A
Antenna:	- Internal Directional 13dBi with dual polarization	
Package Contents:	- Wireless Long Range 11N	AP/CB (ENH500)
	- PoE Injector (EPE-24R)	
	- Power Adaptor	
	- CD with User's Manual	
	- QIG	
	- Mounting Set	
	- Special Screw Set	
Certifications:	FCC, CE, IC	
RADIO FREQUENCY BAND		
Channel	Tx Avg. Power	Rx Sensitivity
	Optimal (dBm)	Optimal (dBm)
802.11a (5.18 ~ 5.825 GHz)	_	
6 Mbps:	27	-95

9 Mbps:	27	-92	
12 Mbps:	27	-89	
18 Mbps:	27	-85	
24 Mbps:	27	-81	
36 Mbps:	26	-79	
48 Mbps:	24	-76	
54 Mbps:	23	-75	
802.11n (5.18 ~ 5.825 GHz)			
MCS0 / MCS8:	27	-94	
MCS1 / MCS9:	27	-92	
MCS2 / MCS10:	26	-88	
MCS3 / MCS11:	26	-85	
MCS4 / MCS12:	25	-80	
MCS5 / MCS13:	24	-79	
MCS6 / MCS14:	24	-74	
MCS7 / MCS15:	23	-73	
ENVIRONMENT & MECHANI	ENVIRONMENT & MECHANICAL		
Tomorouture Donasi	Operating -20°C ~ 70°C (-4°F to 158° F)		
Temperature Range:	Storage -30°C ~ 80°C (-22° F to 176°F)		
Humidity (non-condensing):	0%~90% typical		
Waterproof:	IP65		

Appendix C – Glossary

Access Point

A base station in a WLAN that act as a central transmitter and receiver of WLAN radio signals. Ad Hoc Network

A short-term WLAN framework created between two or more WLAN adapters, without going through an Access Point. An ad hoc network lets computers send data directly to and from one another. For an ad hoc network to work, each computer on the network needs a WLAN card installed configured for Ad Hoc mode.

Antenna

A device that sends and receives radio-frequency (RF) signals. Often camouflaged on existing buildings, trees, water towers or other tall structures, the size and shape of antennas are generally determined by the frequency of the signal they manage.

Authentication

A process that verifies the identity of a wireless device or end-user. A common form of authentication is to verify identities by checking a user name and password to allow network access.

Backbone

A high-speed line or series of connections that form a major pathway within a network. **Bandwidth**

The part of the frequency spectrum required to transmit desired information. Each radio channel has a center frequency and additional frequencies above and below this carrier frequency that carry the transmitted information. The range of frequencies from the lowest to the highest used is called the bandwidth.

Bridge

A wireless device that connects multiple networks that are physically separate or use different media, but which use similar standards.

Bridge Mode

An Access Pointy in bridge mode can operate as a WLAN bridge that connects two wired network segments. The peer device also must be in bridge mode. This wireless bridge connection is equivalent to a Wireless Distribution System (WDS).

CHAP

Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol. An alternative protocol that uses a challenge/response technique instead of sending passwords over the wire.

Collision

Interference resulting from two network devices sending data at the same time. The network detects the collision of the two transmitted packets and discards both of them.

Coverage

The region within which a paging receiver can reliably receive the transmission of paging signals.

Coverage Area

The geographical area that can be served by a mobile communications network or system. **Coverage Hole**

An area within the radio coverage footprint of a wireless system where the RF signal level is below the design threshold. Physical obstructions such as buildings, foliage, hills, tunnels, and indoor parking garages are usually the cause of coverage holes.

Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)

A common technique for detecting data transmission errors.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

A protocol that assigns temporary IP addresses automatically to client stations logging onto an IP network, so the IP addresses do not have to be assigned manually. The ENH500 contains an internal DHCP server that automatically allocates IP address using a user-defined range of IP addresses.

Dead Spot

An area within the coverage area of a WLAN where there is no coverage or transmission falling off. Electronic interference or physical barriers such as hills, tunnels, and indoor parking garages are usually the cause of dead spots. See also coverage area.

802.11

A category of WLAN standards defined by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

802.11a

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operate at 5 GHz, with data rates up to 54 Mbps.

802.11n

An IEEE standard for WLANs that operates at 5 GHz, with data rate of 300 Mbps. The new standard also raises the encryption bar to WPA2. The 40 HT option can be added to increase the data rate.

Encryption

Translates data into a secret code to achieve data security. To read an encrypted file, you must have a secret key or password for decryption. Unencrypted data is referred to as plain text; encrypted data is referred to as cipher text

ESS ID

The unique identifier for an ESS. All Access Points and their associated wireless stations in the same group must have the same ESSID.

Footprint

Geographical areas where an entity is licensed to broadcast its signal.

Gateway

A computer system or other device that acts as a translator between two systems that use different communication protocols, data formatting structures, languages, and/or architecture.

HT mode

In the 802.11n system, two new formats, called High Throughput (HT), are defined for the Physical Layer, Mixed Mode, and Green Field. If a system runs 40 HT, two adjacent 20 MHz channels are used. The larger 40 MHz bandwidth can provide better transmit quality and speed.

Keys

Like passwords, keys open (decrypt) and close (encrypt) messages. While many encryption algorithms are commonly known and public, the key must be kept secret.

Local-Area Network (LAN)

A small data network covering a limited area, such as a building or group of buildings. Most LANs connect workstations or personal computers. LANs let many users share devices such as printers as well as data. LANs also facilitate communication through e-mail or chat sessions. **Media Access Control (MAC) Address**

Address associated with every hardware device on the network. Every 802.11 wireless device has its own specific MAC address. This unique identifier is hard-coded into the device and can be used to provide security for WLANs. When a network uses a MAC table, only the 802.11 radios that have their MAC addresses added to that network's MAC table can access the network.

Network Address Translation (NAT)

An Internet standard that lets a LAN use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic.

Network Time Protocol (NTP)

A protocol that lets devices synchronize their time with a time server. NTP uses TCP or UDP port 123 by default.

Passphrase

A text string that automatically generates WEP keys on wireless client adapters.

Power Over Ethernet (PoE)

A PoE provides power to PoE-enabled devices using an 8-pin CAT 5 Ethernet cable, eliminating the need for a power source.

Preamble

Synchronizes transmissions in a WLAN. The preamble type defines the length of the Cyclic Redundancy Check block for communication between a device and roaming wireless stations.

Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP)

Authentication protocol of IEEE 802.1x used to send authentication data and passwords over 802.11 WLANs.

Quality of Service (QoS)

A network's ability to deliver data with minimum delay. QoS also refers to the networking methods used to provide bandwidth for real-time multimedia applications.

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)

Networking protocol that provides centralized authentication, authorization, and accounting management for computers to connect and use a network service. Because of its broad support and ubiquitous nature, the RADIUS protocol is often used by ISPs and enterprises to manage access to the Internet or internal networks, WLANs, and integrated e-mail services.

Service Set Identifier (SSID)

Name of a WLAN. All wireless devices on a WLAN must use the same SSID to communicate with each other.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

An Internet-standard protocol for managing devices on IP networks.

Snooping

Passively watching a network for data, such as passwords, that can be used to benefit a hacker.

Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)

An encryption protocol that uses 128-bit keys. Keys are dynamically generated and distributed by the authentication server. TKIP regularly changes and rotates encryption keys, with an encryption key never being used twice.

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)

A protocol that allows communications over and between networks. TCP/IP is the basis for Internet communications.

Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ)

WFQ services queues are based on priority and queue weight. Queues with larger weights get more service than queues with smaller weights. This highly efficient queuing mechanism divides available bandwidth across different traffic queues.

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP)

Security protocol that provides a WLAN with a level of security and privacy comparable to that of a wired LAN. WEP encrypts data sent between wired and WLANs to keep transmissions private.

Wireless Local-Area Network (WLAN)

WLANs use RF technology to send and receive data wirelessly in a certain area. This lets users in a small zone send data and share resources such as printers without using cables to physically connect each computer.

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)

A subset of the IEEE 802.11i standard. WPA applies IEEE 802.1x and Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) to authenticate wireless clients using an external RADIUS database. WPA uses Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP), Message Integrity Check (MIC), and IEEE 802.1x to encrypt data. See also WPA-PSK (WPA -Pre-Shared Key).

Wi-Fi MultiMedia (WMM)

Part of the IEEE 802.11e QoS enhancement to the Wi-Fi standard that ensures quality of service for multimedia applications in WLANs.

Wireless Client Supplicants

Software that runs on an operating system, instructing the wireless client how to use WPA.

WPA -Pre-Shared Key (WPA-PSK)

WPA-PSK requires a single (identical) password entered into each Access Point, wireless gateway, and wireless client. A client is granted access to a WLAN if the passwords match. **WPA2**

A wireless security standard that defines stronger encryption, authentication, and key management than WPA. It includes two data encryption algorithms, Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), in the Counter mode with Cipher block chaining Message authentication Code Protocol (CCMP).

Wireless Distribution System (WDS)

A technology that lets Access Points communicate with one another to extend the range of a WLAN.

Appendix D – Statements of Conformity

D.1 – Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Note: Country selection is not available in the US model.

D.2 – Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with RSS-210 of the Industry Canada Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Ce dispositif est conforme à la norme CNR-210 d'Industrie Canada applicable aux appareils radio exempts de licence. Son fonctionnement est sujet aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) le dispositif ne doit pas produire de brouillage préjudiciable, et (2) ce dispositif doit accepter tout brouillage reçu, y compris un brouillage susceptible de provoquer un fonctionnement indésirable.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

NOTE IMPORTANTE: (Pour l'utilisation de dispositifs mobiles):

Déclaration d'exposition aux radiations:

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé. Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

D.3 – Europe Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC. The following test methods have been applied in order to prove presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC:

- EN60950-1:2006 A11:2009
 Safety of Information Technology Equipment
- EN50385 : 2002
- Generic standard to demonstrate the compliance of electronic and electrical apparatus with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz 300 GHz)
- EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006-10
- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband Transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using spread spectrum modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive
- -

EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1: 2008-04

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements

- EN 301 489-17 V2.1.1 2009-05
- Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 17: Specific conditions for 2,4 GHz wideband transmission systems and 5 GHz high performance RLAN equipment

This device is a 5 GHz wideband transmission system (transceiver), intended for use in all EU member states and EFTA countries, except in France and Italy where restrictive use applies.

In Italy the end-user should apply for a license at the national spectrum authorities in order to obtain authorization to use the device for setting up outdoor radio links and/or for supplying public access to telecommunications and/or network services.

This device may not be used for setting up outdoor radio links in France and in some areas the RF output power may be limited to 10 mW EIRP in the frequency range of 2454 – 2483.5 MHz. For detailed information the end-user should contact the national spectrum authority in France.

٢ Česky	[Jméno výrobce] tímto prohlašuje, že tento [typ zařízení] je ve shodě se základními požadavky a
[Czech]	dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.
da Dansk	Undertegnede [fabrikantens navn] erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr [udstyrets typebetegnelse]
[Danish]	overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.
de Deutsch	Hiermit erklärt [Name des Herstellers], dass sich das Gerät [Gerätetyp] in Übereinstimmung mit
[German]	den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie
	1999/5/EG befindet.
et Eesti	Käesolevaga kinnitab [tootja nimi = name of manufacturer] seadme [seadme tüüp = type of
[Estonian]	equipment] vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele
	teistele asjakohastele sätetele.
en English	Hereby, [name of manufacturer], declares that this [type of equipment] is in compliance with the
	essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.
📧 Español	Por medio de la presente [nombre del fabricante] declara que el [clase de equipo] cumple con los
[Spanish]	requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva
	1999/5/CE.
el Ελληνική	ME THN ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ [name of manufacturer] Δ ΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ [type of equipment] ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ
[Greek]	ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.
fr Français	Par la présente [nom du fabricant] déclare que l'appareil [type d'appareil] est conforme aux
[French]	exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
it Italiano	Con la presente [nome del costruttore] dichiara che questo [tipo di apparecchio] è conforme ai
[Italian]	requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
Latviski	Ar šo [name of manufacturer /izgatavotāja nosaukums] deklarē, ka [type of equipment / iekārtas
[Latvian]	tips] atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.
Lietuvių	Šiuo [manufacturer name] deklaruoja, kad šis [equipment type] atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir
[Lithuanian]	kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.
m Nederlands	Hierbij verklaart [naam van de fabrikant] dat het toestel [type van toestel] in overeenstemming is
[Dutch]	met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
mt Malti	Hawnhekk, [isem tal-manifattur], jiddikjara li dan [il-mudel tal-prodott] jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet
[Maltese]	essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.
hu Magyar	Alulírott, [gyártó neve] nyilatkozom, hogy a [típus] megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető
[Hungarian]	követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb előírásainak.
Polski	Niniejszym [nazwa producenta] oświadcza, że [nazwa wyrobu] jest zgodny z zasadniczymi
[Polish]	wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/EC.
Pt Português	[Nome do fabricante] declara que este [tipo de equipamento] está conforme com os requisitos
[Portuguese]	essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.

ब्र Slovensko	[Ime proizvajalca] izjavlja, da je ta [tip opreme] v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi
[Slovenian]	relevantnimi določili direktive 1999/5/ES.
Slovensky	[Meno výrobcu] týmto vyhlasuje, že [typ zariadenia] spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné
[Slovak]	ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.
fi Suomi	[Valmistaja = manufacturer] vakuuttaa täten että [type of equipment = laitteen tyyppimerkintä]
[Finnish]	tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin
	muiden ehtojen mukainen.
sw Svenska	Härmed intygar [företag] att denna [utrustningstyp] står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga
[Swedish]	egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.